Step 8:
Repeat Step 7 on the second side of the bracelet. Now the threading will be more difficult. Proceed carefully.

Step 9:
Now connect both steel wires.
Slightly open the second end loop.
Thread on the first one. Close it.


Design by Helena Chmeliková

## PRECIOSA Candy ${ }^{\text {TM }}$

11101 363; 8; 12 mm


PRECIOSA Rocailles
33119 oo1; 8/o
0 (0) (0)

Preciosa Ornela introduces beads and seed beads from the PRECIOSA Traditional Czech Beads ${ }^{T M}$ brand.

BRACELET MADE USING PRECIOSA CANDY ${ }^{T M}$
Merry-go-round


PRECIOSA

## Merry-go-round bracelet

Today, we have a tutorial which makes us of two sizes of PRECIOSA Candy ${ }^{T M}$. You can make yourself a luxurious, effective bracelet. The range of pressed glass beads from the PRECIOSA Traditional Czech Beads ${ }^{T M}$ brand includes the two-hole PRECIOSA Candy ${ }^{T M}$ cabochon with a round base. It is available in three sizes $(6,8$ and 12 mm$)$ and in many shades and types of surface finishes. These beads can be connected in different ways, edged and combined with other PRECIOSA beads and seed beads.

Materials and tools:
PRECIOSA Candy ${ }^{\text {TM }}$
$11101363 ; 8 \mathrm{~mm}$;
00030/G1165 bright turquoise
56x (C8)
$11101363 ; 12 \mathrm{~mm}$; 02010/25033 dark turquoise;
28x (C1)
$11101363 ; 12 \mathrm{~mm}$;
02010/25042 dark blue;
28x (C2)
PRECIOSA Rocailles (R8)
33119 oo1; 8/o;
49102 hematite; 142x

- regular grey 0.30 mm wire; 6 cm diameter memory wire
- small snipping pliers for the wire and large snipping pliers for the memory wire;
flat nose pliers; a ruler



## Difficulty:

Technique: sewing, stringing

## Procedure:

Step 1:
Create a sewn fragment. Snip off 60 cm of the wire - three twists of the coil. String 4 x C8. Keep an eye on the twist to the front and back. Tie two knots.


Step 2:
Thread the wire through both holes in the nearest $\mathbf{C} 8$ near the knot. Thread the short end of the wire through two C8 and snip it off. String 1 new C8 between the $\mathbf{C} 8$ a total of 4 x .


Step 3:
Thread the wire through both holes of the connecting $\mathbf{C} 8$. String $1 \mathbf{C} 1$ between the $\mathbf{C 8}$ a total of 4 x .


Step 4:
Thread the wire through both holes of the connecting $\mathrm{C}_{1}$. String $1 \mathrm{C}_{2}$ between the C 1 a total of 4 x . Connect them again up to about half of the $\mathbf{C} 1$ and $\mathbf{C} 2$.
Tighten the wire. Then start sewing it in. Create a knot - one is sufficient. Thread the wire through several other C1 and $\mathbf{C} 2$. Create a second knot. Thread the end of the wire through the following $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ or $\mathbf{C} 2$ and snip it off. The outer $\mathbf{C} 2$ should wobble. This will make it easier to thread the memory wire through them.

Step 5:


Connect the other fragments, the second to the sixth. Repeat steps 1 to 4 .
In Step 4, connect the previous fragment. They have $1 \mathbf{C} 2$ in common.


Step 6:
Connect the last fragment (the seventh). Repeat steps 1 to 4. In Step 4, connect the previous fragment and the first fragment in the row. Use the common $\mathbf{C} 2$.


Step 7
Thread the outer C2 with the steel memory wire on one side of the bracelet. Snip off 1.5 twists. First create a loop on the memory wire. String $4 \times$ R8. Thread the wire through the free hole in the $\mathbf{C} 2$. Alternately string 10 x or 11 x R8 between the next C2. String 4x R8 behind the 7th $\mathbf{C} 2$. Tighten the stringing. Snip off about 8 mm of wire after the R8. Create a second loop. It should be perpendicular to the first loop.


